**Solutions Intermediate Unit 2. Looking Back**

**SB p14, 127**

1. amused – pleased, cheerful, when you smile or laugh at sth because it is funny and pleasant
2. ashamed of (n – shame) – embarrassed or feeling guilty because of something one has done or a characteristic one has
3. confused about (n – confusion) – not able to think clearly
4. delighted – feeling or showing great pleasure about something
5. depressed about (n – depression) – very unhappy, often for a long period of time
6. disappointed – sad or displeased because someone or something has failed to fulfill one's expectations
7. embarrassed (n – embarrassment) – feeling shy, ashamed, or guilty about something
8. fed up with – unhappy, bored, or tired of something, especially something that you have been experiencing for a long time
9. homesick – feeling unhappy because you are away from home and are missing your family, friends, and home very much
10. irritated with (n – irritation) – annoyed or angry
11. jealous about (n – jealousy) – feeling or showing envy of someone or their achievements and advantages
12. nervous (n – nervousness) – worried or afraid
13. pleased with (n – pleasure) –feeling or showing pleasure and satisfaction, esp. at an event or a situation
14. proud of (n – pride) – feeling pleased and satisfied about sth that you own or have done
15. relieved about (n – relief) – experiencing relief, esp from worry or anxiety
16. satisfied with (n – satisfaction) – happy because you have got what you wanted or needed
17. shocked (n – shock) – having an unpleasant feeling of surprise
18. upset – worried and unhappy
19. bored with (n – boredom) – feeling tired and perhaps slightly annoyed because sth is not interesting or because you do not have anything to do
20. scared (afraid) of – frightened
21. angry about – feeling or showing anger
22. guilty about (n – guilt) – responsible for an offence or misdeed
23. enjoyment – pleasure or a thing which gives pleasure
24. excitement – the state of being excited, especially because sth interesting is happening or will happen

**SB p 15**

1. memorable – worth remembering or likely to be remembered, because it is special or very enjoyable
2. impressed – feeling admiration for sth or sb because you think they are particularly good, interesting, etc.

**SB p 16**

1. commemorate – recall and show respect for (someone or something); to honour or keep alive the memory of
2. battlefield –a place where a battle is fought
3. casualty – a person who is killed or injured in a war or an accident
4. comrade – a companion who shares one's activities or is a fellow member of an organization; a person who fights on the same side as you
5. conflict – period of fighting; a fight or an argument
6. officer – a person who tells soldiers what to do
7. poppy – a plant with a large, delicate flower, usually red in colour
8. anniversary – the date on which an event took place in a previous year
9. war – a situation in which countries or groups of people fight against each other

**SB p 17**

1. used to – done or experienced in the past but no longer done or experienced
2. be (get) used to – to be or get familiar with a condition or activity

**SB p 18-19**

1. anterograde amnesia – a type of memory loss involving inability to remember any new information
2. acute amnesia – severe but of short duration partial or total loss of memory
3. condition – the particular state that sth or sb is in
4. trilogy – a series of three books, plays, etc. written about the same situation or characters, forming a continuous story
5. identity crisis – a period of uncertainty and confusion in which a person's sense of identity becomes insecure, typically due to a change in their expected aims or role in society
6. short-term – lasting a short time
7. recognize – to know that sth or sb is familiar
8. doubt – to think sth is unlikely or untrue
9. excuse – a reason which you give in order to explain why something has been done or has not been done, or in order to avoid doing something
10. gradually – slowly over a period of time or a distance
11. recovery – a return to a normal state of health, mind, or strength
12. surgery – medical treatment in which someone's body is cut open so that a doctor can repair, remove, or replace a diseased or damaged part
13. suffer (from) – to be ill with or to be affected by
14. neuroscientist – a scientist who specializes in the study of the brain
15. conclude – to come to a decision based on the facts
16. memorise – to deliberately store sth in your memory
17. realise – to become aware of a fact or situation
18. recall – to remember
19. remind – to make sb remember sth
20. solve – to find the answer to a problem or puzzle
21. envy – desire to have a quality, possession, or other desirable thing belonging to someone else

**SB p 20**

1. anyway – whatever [else](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/else) is [happening](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/happening), without [considering](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/considering) other things
2. narrate – to [tell](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/tell) a [story](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/story), often by [reading](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/reading) [aloud](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/aloud) from a [text](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/text), or to [describe](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/describe) [events](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/event) as they [happen](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/happen)
3. eventually – in the end, [especially](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/especially) after a [long](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/long) [time](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/time) or a lot of [effort](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/effort), [problems](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/problem), etc.

**SB p 21, 128**

1. narrative – a [story](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/story) or a [description](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/description) of a [series](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/series) of [event](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/event)
2. unconscious – being in a state similar to sleep, usually as the result of a serious injury or a lack of oxygen
3. ambulance – a vehicle specially equipped for taking sick or injured people to and from the hospital, esp. in emergencies
4. paramedic – a person who is trained to do medical work, esp. emergency first aid, but is not usually a fully qualified physician
5. emergency treatment – quick medical attention given to a sick or injured person or animal
6. break down – to be [unable](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/unable) to [control](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/control) [your](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/your) [feelings](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/feeling) and to [start](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/start) to [cry](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/cry); to become very upset
7. go off – to leave
8. after a while – after some time has passed
9. get on – to enter a vehicle
10. take off – 1) to remove an item of clothing; 2) to leave the ground and start flying
11. put down – to place sth or sb on the ground
12. bring up – 1) to look after a child until he (she) is an adult 2) to introduce a particular subject into a discussion or conversation
13. give away – 1) to [supply](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/supply) something at no [charge](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/charge) 2) to tell a secret or show your feelings unintentionally
14. put on – 1) to move something you [wear](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/wear) onto [your](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/your) [body](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/body) 2) to behave or speak in a false or artificial way
15. turn up – 1) to arrive or appear 2) to increase the amount of sound, heat, or power

**WB p 18**

1. take on – to start to employ sb