**Solutions Pre-Intermediate Unit 3: House and Home**

**SB p. 24**

1. landscape – everything you can see when you look across a large area of land
2. billboard– a very large board in the street, with an advertisement
3. pavement– an area where you walk, at the side of the road
4. postbox– a public box you put letters into when you send them
5. roadworks– repairs that are being done to the road
6. rubbish bin – a container that you put rubbish in
7. telegraph pole– a tall wooden pole used for carrying wires high above the ground
8. pedestrian – a person walking in the street
9. pedestrian crossing– a place where you can safely cross a road
10. road sign – a symbol or picture at the side of a road which gives an instruction about how or where to

drive

1. roundabout – a place where two or more roads meet, forming a circle that all traffic must go around in the

same direction

1. street lamp – an outdoor device which produces light
2. traffic lights – a device with red, orange and green lights that is used to control the traffic
3. urban– connected with a town or city
4. rural – connected with the country, not the town
5. barn– a large building where farmers keep animals
6. gate– a door used to close an opening in a fence
7. lane– a narrow road in the country
8. stream– a very small, narrow river
9. wood–an area of land that is covered with trees (smaller than a forest)
10. footpath– a path made for people to walk along
11. hedge– a row of bushes planted close together along the edge of a field
12. pond– a small area of still water, often artificial
13. over – across to the other side of sth
14. along – from one end to or towards the other end of sth
15. through – from one end or side of sth to the other
16. across – from one side to the other side of sth
17. past –further than

**SB p. 25**

1. eco-town – a clean and green town which is not harmful to the environment
2. pollution– the process of making air, water, soil, etc. dirty
3. scenery– natural features of an area (mountains, valleys, rivers, forests, etc.)
4. explore– to examine sth completely and carefully to find out sth new

**SB p. 26**

1. deer – a large wild animal that eats grass
2. chase– to run after sb/sth in order to catch them
3. cruel – causing physical or mental pain or suffering to sb/sth
4. out-dated – not useful or common any more; old-fashioned
5. ban – to say officially that sth is not allowed, often by law
6. law – an official rule of a country that says what people may or may not do
7. illegal– not allowed by law
8. unfair– not right or fair according to set of rules or principles
9. government – the group of people who rule or control a country
10. upper-class– belonging to a group of people that has the highest social status
11. protect– to make sure that sb/sth is not harmed, injured, damaged
12. respect – to show care for or pay attention to sb/sth
13. damage – *noun*: physical harm; *verb*: to harm or spoil sth/sb
14. economy – the operation of a country’s money supply, commercial activities and industry
15. divide– to separatesth into parts

**SB p. 27**

1. coast – the area of land that is next to or close to the sea
2. cattle – cows and bulls kept as farm animals for their milk and meat

**SB p. 28-29**

1. to own – to have sth belonging to you
2. crops– plants grown in large quantities, especially as food
3. farmyard– an outside area near a farmhouse surrounded by farm buildings or walls
4. access – to find and use in a computer
5. population – the number of people who live in a particular area, city or country
6. receive– to get sth that is sent to you
7. currency – the system or type of money that a particular country uses
8. seeds – the small hard parts of a plant from which a new plant of the same kind can grow
9. plough– a machine that farmers use to prepare fields for planting
10. land – an area of ground
11. remind (of)– to help sb remember sth that they have to do
12. wheat – the plant which produces grain which can be made into flour
13. pressure – worries or difficulties that you have because you have too much to deal with
14. addictive– difficult to stop taking or doing
15. virtual– made to appear to exist by computer
16. imaginary – existing only in the mind; not real

**SB p.30-31**

1. crowded – full of people
2. empty – having nothing or nobody inside it
3. enjoyable – giving pleasure
4. judging by – forming an opinion about sb/sth based on the information you have
5. blog – a personal record that sb puts on their website
6. entry – one item that is written down in a diary, dictionary, etc.
7. souvenir–something that you keep to remind you of somewhere you have been on holiday or of a special

event

1. sunbathe– to stay in the sun, in order to go brown
2. go for a bike ride – to have a short journey on a bicycle
3. go on a boat trip – to have a short journey in a boat
4. castle – a large strong building with thick high walls and towers
5. huge – very big
6. freezing – very cold